# STATEMENT OF LISTING

This is to record that the researcher named below appears in the database "Updated science-wide author databases of standardized citation indicators" (2022 data-update, Career-long list), published in the Elsevier Data Repository.

| | |
|---|---|
| **NAME** | Chen, Enhong |
| **INSTITUTION** | University of Science and Technology of China |
| **COUNTRY / REGION** | China |
| **DATA VERSION** | 2022 · Career-long |
| **SUB-FIELD** | Artificial Intelligence & Image Processing |

| | |
|---|---|
| **Rank in sub-field** | #4,944 of 356,955 globally (top 1.39% in Artificial Intelligence & Image Processing) |
| **Rank on the list** | #175,834 of 204,643 on the list (2022 Career-long list) |
| **Inclusion** | within the top 2% of this sub-field |
| **Composite score (c)** | 3.083 (incl. self-citations: 3.134) |
| **Citations** | 12,918 |
| **h-index** | 54 |

**VERIFICATION**

**TMBY-MPWW-VEMA**

https://guz.suat-sz.edu.cn/top2pct/verify/TMBY-MPWW-VEMA

Issued 2026-11-04 10:48 UTC

**Source**

Ioannidis JPA, Boyack KW, Baas J. "Updated science-wide author databases of standardized citation indicators", Elsevier Data Repository, DOI: 10.17632/btchxktzyw.9. Licensed under CC BY-NC 3.0.

**Notes and limitations**

1. This statement is generated automatically from the public dataset cited above. It is not an award, an endorsement, or an evaluation of research quality, and it should not be used as a basis for hiring, promotion, funding or award decisions.
2. "Top 2%" refers to a relative position within a Science-Metrix sub-field, not to the top 2% of all researchers worldwide. Percentiles are computed against all researchers in the sub-field, including those who are not listed.
3. "Rank on the list" is the position among all researchers listed in that data version and list - across all sub-fields - ordered by the composite score excluding self-citations. It is a position within the published list, not a worldwide rank, and it is a different quantity from the sub-field percentile.
4. Institution names come from the researcher's most recent Scopus affiliation and may be out of date. The database has no author ID, so records that share a name and institution cannot always be told apart.
5. This site is not the creator of the underlying database and accepts no correction requests; to amend a Scopus profile use the Scopus-ORCID feedback wizard (orcid.scopusfeedback.com).
6. Verify the code above on this site to confirm that the figures match those recorded in the database.